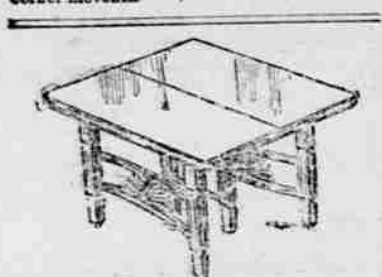


WMOSES BROS. & SONS



Extension \$6.25
TABLE.

—And we could sell it for \$9 just as well. Solid oak—polish finish—six foot length. Neat carving—a well made, substantial table—at a remarkably low price. 8 foot length—\$11 table—for \$7.75. We'll match these reductions by selling \$2.75 solid oak Dining Chairs for \$1.90. A \$12 antique finish Sideboard for \$7.85.

"I want to be the Jeweler who comes into your mind first."

Wedding Gifts

Are most suitable and appropriate in the form of jewelry. Ladies are always pleased with something for their personal adornment, and as articles of apparel are out of the question, nothing can take the place of jewelry. Don't hesitate to examine my stock, though you do not want to purchase anything more you will find some future occasion.

It might be worth your while to know that a small payment now will secure any article for you.

C. H. Davison,
JEWELER,
1105 F Street.

Do you know that electricity is a cheaper, better, safer, and more reliable power than steam? It makes a better light, too—better for stores, better for offices.

It is as far ahead of gas as the modern electric locomotive is ahead of the old stage coach. We furnish power only. Telephone us to learn it.

U. S. Electric Lighting Co.,
213 14th Street. Phone 77.

Find a laundry that does better than ours, by all means patronize it; we don't ask any favor; we expect to succeed solely on our merits. We have the latest improved machinery and do the most careful work, but if any one can do the work better, we don't wish you to send your laundry to us.

Chester Laundry,
512 2nd St. N.W.
Telephone 1613.

Just Out
HOUGHTON & DELANO,
1416 New York Ave.

HOSE Blankets from 75c up. The finest line of harness and plush robes in the city.

GERMULLER'S,
641 La. Ave.

SAW FERRIS'S NEW COMET.

Observer Stone of the McCormick Observatory Spied It.

(Special to The Times.)

Richmond, Va., Nov. 19.—Orlando Stone, observer at the Leander McCormick Observatory, University of Virginia, sighted Ferris's new comet this morning.

It is about as bright as a seventh magnitude star, with a tail ten minutes long, and was a conspicuous object to the finder.

The comet was seen by Stone on the morning of Nov. 19.

Laurel's Captain Released on Bail.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 19.—Capt. Hughes, of the steamship Laurel, was released from custody today, the American Banking and Trust Company becoming his surety in the sum of \$5,000. The 4th day of December was set for the preliminary hearing of the case, which will be tried before Judge W. H. Bradley of the United States District Court.

Joint Traffic Association Organized.

New York, Nov. 19.—The presidents of the trunk lines and their Western counterparts today completed the organization of the Joint Traffic Association. President George B. Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was chairman of the meeting, which was held in the rooms of the Trunk Line Association.

Dislocated His Hip.

Normal Greenleaf, colored, fell at Sixth street and Virginia avenue southeast, about 10 o'clock last night and dislocated his right hip. He was removed to his home, Seventeenth and C streets southeast, in No. 8 patrol.

QUESTIONS FOR TAX-PAYERS.

Do you think that the District should be bonded to pay for a new system of sewerage and for street extension and improvement?

Do you think that a bond bill passed, any of the money realized from the sale of these bonds should be expended in improving private real estate holdings outside the city proper and remote from the great body of tax-payers?

YIELDING TO SENTIMENT

First Official Support of the Times' Attack on the Division.

NOTICES TO VACATE GIVEN

Police Department Commences to Clean Out the Disreputable Square Behind the New City Postoffice. No Further Colonization to Be Permitted—Lieut. Amis' Efforts.

A peremptory order issued by the superintendent of the police yesterday that certain disreputable women shall within a specified time vacate premises occupied by them in the rear of the postoffice building is a vindication of the policy of the Times and its attitude toward the infamous precincts known as "The Division."

In the opinion of the officers of the First precinct this order is only the handwriting on the wall, which in due time will effect every trace of the traffic from within the city limits.

The decent, law-abiding, self-respecting people of Washington are aware of the agitation of this question, which has been continued editorially and otherwise by the Times for the accomplishment of the result which has been so long anticipated by the superintendent of police. They will also be quick to assign the credit where it belongs.

Public sentiment has been, in many cases, created by the Times in its warfare; and, in others, it has emboldened the timid to speak out plainly, having been furnished with an organ free from repressive alligances.

TIMES' EFFORTS CROWNED.

The Times, in addition to its desire that the present should be considered, looked into the future, when the new postoffice would be the center of movement and meeting for the whole city population, and when the precincts around the market would be doubled in size, and the order of things there would be different. Both of these present and future conditions were in the mind of the police officials when the order was issued.

The first skirmish toward a complete victory has, therefore, been won.

Lieut. Amis has served notice on the owners of three houses on Tenth street, between Louisiana avenue and C street northwest, that they must vacate their premises and cease their business.

Two of the houses are kept by white women and one by a colored woman. In the case of the Brown woman, she has set up the claim that she owns the property and will resist the order of removal, but she has been notified that she should remain in the house until she can produce evidence of ownership or any other reason.

THE HOUSES BARRICADED BY MANY STREETS.

There is a very significant clause in the order, to the effect that when these women move, they cannot locate on Twelfth, Fourteenth or Fifteenth streets. This clause, while no specific order has been issued as to the places west of Twelfth street, the police will not permit any further colonization of that section by such characters.

Lieut. Amis was asked for his authority for the proceeding. He said that as Tenth street was largely used as a thoroughfare for the market, and as the houses on it needed a "cleaning out," and he made that suggestion to the superintendent of police. Consequently, he received an order to proceed, which he promptly did, with the results above stated.

The inmates of these houses have been given thirty days to comply with the order, and if they do not, they will be removed to the city jail.

He was asked as to the possible extension of the order to the whole area infested by these objectionable people, to which he replied:

"I have no orders to that effect, but I presume that after a while the whole thing will be moved out."

VIEW OF THE POLICE.

Lieut. Amis has his own views on the question of the expediency of this movement. He does not believe that it will remedy the evil. He thinks that scattering them to move to other places in the city where they may remain for long periods without the knowledge of the police. He is, however, exceedingly understanding in his judgment of other people, if kept up, will remove the red spot from the city map.

Comments on the order were made yesterday afternoon when he knew about the alleged action of the Commissioners in this order, executed by Lieut. Amis. Major Powell said that as far as he knew there had been no action taken by the Commissioners. It was a matter that came within the purview of the duties of the Police Commissioner, but he had no objection to even Mr. Truesdell had given such instructions.

The duties of the Commissioners are so divided that it is no doubt the case that some of the right hand does not know what the left hand is doing.

Lieut. Amis, however, explained the matter fully by saying that he suggested it to the superintendent of police and the superintendent of police directed him to go ahead and he went.

LEFT TO THEIR DISCRETION.

Another point appears to be settled by this proceeding, and that is that whenever the police officers in their judgment believe that the women can be moved on all they have to do is to say so. It is very certain that this departure has been taken by the Commissioners, according to the statement of the Engineer Commissioner. The only proceeding necessary for a complete removal of the Division, according to the statement made yesterday by the officers in authority, is that the order be issued and that the officer charged with its execution perform his duty as well as did Lieut. Amis.

The people of the city, and especially those organizations of good women who have induced The Times in this agitation, will doubtless watch further developments in this vitally important issue.

DECEIVED FROM WASHINGTON.

Colored Girl Found Drugged in a Baltimore Garret.

(Special to The Times.)

Baltimore, Nov. 19.—A colored girl, who had been deceived into coming here in Washington, was found unconscious in a garret of a rickety old structure at 1233 Eastern avenue, and was taken to the hospital. She was found in a room. An officer was summoned and the young woman, who is apparently seventeen years old, was found in a stupor. She was removed to the Baltimore University Hospital on North Bond street. Here she told the resident physician that she lived with her mother in this city and given something to drink by a man, which made her sleepy.

Brave Seamen Rewarded.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 19.—The British schooner Golden Light is reported ashore at Scotch Bay, near Canning. One gold watch and four gold medals for Capt. George Pettit, master, and three members of the four-masted British schooner Gypsum Prince, have been received by Lieutenant Governor Daly. They are gifts made by the United States Government as a reward for the heroic rescue of the captain and crew of the American schooner B. R. Jones last March.

One Convicted; the Other Acquitted.

Colum, N. B., Nov. 19.—Dr. Oserio, who with Arthur Omerio O'Leary, manager of the National bank of Bogota, was tried in the national court at Bogota on the charge of issuing illegal notes to the amount of \$9,400,000, has been acquitted. O'Leary was convicted Saturday and sentenced to fifteen months imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$398,000.

Land Grants Approved.

Secretary Hoke has approved a grant of 23,232 acres of land to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company along its main line and 17,419 acres to the Florida Central and Peninsular Railroad Company.

DID NOT BUY HIS PORTFOLIO

John Wanamaker Brands the Report as False.

Admits He Made Good the \$10,000 Campaign Debt, But That Was All.

New York, Nov. 19.—The following is published today in the New York Mail and Express:

"To the Editor of the Mail and Express:—Sir: I seldom see New York papers, and, as you are aware, am not in the habit of chasing down lies.

"My reasons are:—'First, Because a newspaper that can please itself or its readers by printing well-known falsehoods can invent them faster than I can contradict them.

"Second, Because they often hear the contradiction upon their face, as does this Indiana yarn.

"Were I disposed to make exceptions to my rule of silence, I should have spoken on two recent occasions. In one of these instances I was attacked over the shoulders of a reporter, who, except a few dollars, by totally misrepresented facts that were meant to harm me, but also involved serious injury to a young man at the beginning of his business career.

"The other occasion was when, from the same source and at the same time, libelous stories were floated concerning the employment of my business associates between 4,000 and 5,000 persons justly indignant at the false and most uncomfortable position in which the untrue statement placed them toward their employers.

"As to the Indiana canard, I have to state that I never at any time subscribed or contributed a cent to the Indiana State Republican committee, except a few dollars expended upon my own railroad fares when I made a few speeches in that State three years ago. As to the \$10,000 which I paid several months since, I have to say that I undertook, in the campaign of 1892, to persuade the national committee to give the Indiana committee \$10,000, and said I would make it a personal matter that the Indiana committee should get it.

"Upon the strength of this the Indiana committee included in its list of contributors two or three persons connected with the national committee agreed from time to time that the money should be paid, but, who hope that the national committee would pay it was exhausted, I made my word good by standing squarely to my promise and sending my check.

"Philadelphia, Nov. 18, 1895."

"The distributed story was printed under date of Anderson, Ind., and was to the effect that the \$10,000 check was the price of Mr. Wanamaker's position in the Cabinet.

DITCHED BY WRECKERS.

Fast Mail Train on New York Central Derailed by Four Men.

Rome, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The deliberate wrecking of that mail train No. 6, east bound, on the New York Central Railroad, was accomplished, about three miles west of this city, at 2:20 p.m. today.

The wreckers had broken open the company's tool-house near by, and obtained a wrench and cross-bar, with which all the spikes and fish-bone fastenings were removed on the southern track had been removed. The two released rails were left in their places on the track.

Two men, who had been carrying mail cars and three sleeping cars along at the rate of forty miles an hour, the locomotive left the track, bounded over the ties, and as it swung into the air, it fell a few feet deep on the south side of the track.

The first two mail cars shot over the engine, the first one landing fully seventy-five feet from the point where the engine left the track.

The second and third mail cars came together in a shape and the wreck of the train lay in the open space.

Under the second mail car, pinned down by a pair of trucks and a dead end, was found Engineer Hager.

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TIE 50' TALK

Strange—how much difference there is between our half-dollar neckwear and other folks'—it's just the difference between the "usual grade" and "the Best."

About the same difference between our \$2.40 hat and others. But that's another story.

HENRY FRANC & SON,
Cor. 7th and D.

ART!

THE FISHEL, ADLER & SCHWARTZ COLLECTION OF

OIL PAINTINGS,

IN CONNECTION WITH THE

William Bruce and S. Rode Collections,

Now on Exhibition

AT OUR ART SALESROOM,

CORNER 10TH AND PENNA. AVE.,

WILL BE SOLD AT

PUBLIC SALE

Wednesday, Thursday

and Friday

Evenings, Nov. 20, 21 and 22,

at 8 o'clock.

Mr. R. Scott, Jr., will conduct the sale.

Walter B. Williams & Co.,

—AUCTIONEERS.

6 GALLERY OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.

THINK SMITH IS BIG GAME

He Boldly Entered a House and After Ejection Tried Again.

Told the Hostler Mr. Adams Wanted His Trotter, But Police Came on the Scene.

Predict Detective Hartigan and Police

Hayes of the Sixth precinct have captured what they believe to be a horse thief, and have locked up Lewis J. Smith, twenty-six years old, as a suspicious character.

Yesterday afternoon the colored servant at the residence of Mrs. Gallagher, No. 230 First street northeast, noticed a well-dressed man climbing up the front stairs and entered the house.

The man had entered through the back door, walked through the house to the front staircase and was making his way to the floor above.

When asked as to what the nature of his business was, he replied that he just wished to be down for a nap. His answer was very cool and collected, and he thought that he was doing anything out of the ordinary.

Mr. Burns thought otherwise, and thought he was an old man, he promptly called the intruder.

The man was continued all the way to the foot of the stairs, and Burns finally succeeded in ejecting his man.

When he reached the pavement he broke into a run, and after going around the square, drew up in the rear of the Gallagher house again. In the back yard a colored boy was cleaning a fancy trotter belonging to Mr. E. J. Adams, the commission merchant, and Smith tried to take the animal, saying that the owner had sent him for it.

The colored boy would not give up his charge and Smith assaulted him. The boy ran and set up the cry of "police." Policeman Hayes responded, and after a few minutes' delay, the nearest boy, who was visiting there, and who was in the parlor when the servant screamed for help, responded to the call and overtook the man on the landing.

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GAVE MUCH TO MISSIONS

Columbia Baptist Association Increased Its Contribution.

IMPORTANCE OF THE WORK

Report of the Home and Foreign Board Discussed at Last Evening's Session—Interesting Addresses Made Upon the Denominational Progress Along Such Lines.

The session last evening of the eighteenth annual meeting of the Columbia Association of Baptist Churches was devoted entirely to the discussion of home and foreign missionary work.

The session was presided over by Rev. Theron Outwater, and the report of the committee on missions was made by Rev. Charles A. Stakely, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist Church.

The report was most gratifying and showed a total subscription of \$7,006.04, which is an increase of \$697.07 over last year. Of the whole amount subscribed \$1,098.55 was expended for mission work within the territory covered by the Columbia Association.

In connection with the report Dr. Stakely said that of all times, now is the time for Christians, especially Baptists, to prosecute missions work with their whole heart and energy. It is the time, he said, to carry the word to all people, to all countries and to all classes.

IMPORTANCE OF MISSIONS.

The report was then discussed by Rev. F. S. Dobbins, of the American Mission Union, E. R. Palmer of the American Baptist Home Mission Society and W. C. Williams, secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions.

Rev. Mr. Dobbins said that missionary work was the greatest of all work, the greatest work that God had intrusted to mortal man. It is a business that takes precedence of all other; it is Christ's business, and therefore our greatest business.

He then spoke of the great things accomplished in the mission fields of the East. The first missionaries, he said, were sent out in 1807, but very little was achieved. Up to 1842 only six conversions had been made, but in 1865 the number reached 40,000.

This was grand work, and if it continues and increases, what being no reason why it should not, before the next half century is ended the world will be saved.

GROWTH OF THE WORK.

He then spoke of the hardships to which the missionaries were subjected, and said that it was a matter of pride to all that they have no desire to return, but always insist on remaining at their posts of duty.

In the mission fields, he said, Dr. Palmer had given us a most important task to perform, a task the performance of which means the perpetuation of a Christian civilization.

Dr. Williams made a strong plea for more active prosecution of mission work, both at home and abroad. Its importance, he said, is that all things that are of importance to the world, that are of importance to the human race, are of importance to the Christian Church in the corner stone of the new edifice.

NORTH CAROLINA'S INDUSTRIES.

Annual Report of Commissioner Lacy Shows Very Favorable Progress.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 19.—The annual report of State Labor Commissioner Lacy was given the following information showing North Carolina's progress: There are 136 cotton mills in the State, with a capital of \$1,100,000, and 1,100,000 spindles. There are 913,458 spindles and 24,586 looms.

This is a very good showing when the fact is considered that in 1870 there were only 80,000 spindles.

There are 15,762 persons employed in mills and the amount of capital employed is \$15,000,000. There are 1,100,000 spindles and 24,586 looms.

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